

Instructions

Multispectrum IR Flame Detector X3302



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Multispectrum IR Flame Detector X3302

IMPORTANT

Be sure to read and understand the entire instruction manual before installing or operating the flame detection system. Any deviation from the recommendations in this manual may impair system performance and compromise safety.

ATTENTION

The X3302 includes the Automatic oi° (Optical Integrity) feature — a calibrated performance test that is automatically performed once per minute to verify complete detector operation capabilities. Testing with an external test lamp is not approved or required.

DESCRIPTION

The X3302 brings state-of-the-art IR flame detection to the difficult task of detecting invisible hydrogen flames. Focusing on the water-band IR emissions of hydrogen flame, the X3302 overcomes the limited detection range and false alarm tendencies of other flame detectors by employing field proven multispectrum infrared (MIR) technology. The result is unsurpassed flame sensitivity with discrimination of non-flame sources in situations where traditional flame detectors are unsuitable.

Utilizing the X3301's multi-patented signal processing algorithms, the X3302 provides a breakthrough in flame detection/surveillance of hazardous materials that produce mostly water vapor, and little or no Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) in the combustion process. The detection capability of the X3302 is double that of traditional UV and UVIR detectors. At the same time, it attains solar resistance and insensitivity to artificial lights, lightning, and "blackbody" radiation, which still plague other detection technologies.



The detector has Division and Zone explosion-proof ratings and is suitable for use in indoor and outdoor applications.

The standard output configuration includes fire, fault and auxiliary relays. Output options include:

- 0 to 20 mA output (in addition to the three relays)
- Pulse output for compatibility with existing Detector Electronics Corporation (Det-Tronics®) controller based systems (with fire and fault relays)
- Eagle Quantum Premier® (EQP) compatible model (no analog or relay outputs)
- HART communication

A tri-color LED on the detector faceplate indicates normal condition and notifies personnel of fire alarm or fault conditions.

Microprocessor controlled heated optics increase resistance to moisture and ice.

The X3302 housing is available in copper-free aluminum or stainless steel, with NEMA/Type 4X and IP66/IP67 rating.

OUTPUTS

Relavs

The standard detector is furnished with fire, fault and auxiliary relays. All three relays are rated 5 amperes at 30 Vdc.

The Fire Alarm relay has redundant terminals and normally open / normally closed contacts, normally de-energized operation, and latching or non-latching operation.

The Fault relay has redundant terminals and normally open contacts, normally energized operation, and latching or non-latching operation.

The Auxiliary relay has normally open / normally closed contacts, and is configurable for energized or de-energized operation, and latching or non-latching operation.

0 to 20 mA Output

A 0 to 20 mA output is available as an option (in addition to the three relays). This option provides a 0 to 20 mA dc current output for transmitting detector status information to other devices. The circuit can be wired in either an isolated or non-isolated configuration and can drive a maximum loop resistance of 500 ohms from 18 to 19.9 Vdc and 600 ohms from 20 to 30 Vdc. Table 1 indicates the detector status conditions represented by the various current levels. The output is calibrated at the factory, with no need for field calibration. A model with relays and 0-20 mA with HART is also available. Refer to Addendum number 95-8613 for complete details.

NOTE

The output of the 0 to 20 mA current loop is not monitored by the fault detection circuitry of the X3302. Therefore, an open circuit on the loop will not cause the fault relay to change state or the detector status LED to indicate a fault. The status of the LED always follows the status of the relays.

Table 1—Detector Status Conditions Indicated by Current Level

Current Level (±0.3 mA)	Detector Status
0 mA	Power Fault
1 mA	General Fault
2 mA	oi Fault
3 mA	Hi Background IR Fault
4 mA	Normal Operation
20 mA	Fire Alarm

An alarm condition will normally over-ride a fault condition, unless the nature of the fault condition impairs the ability of the detector to generate or maintain an alarm output, i.e. loss of operating power.

LON/SLC Output

The EQP model is designed for use exclusively with the Det-Tronics Eagle Quantum Premier system. The detector communicates with the system controller over a digital communication network or LON/SLC (Local Operating Network/Signaling Line Circuit). The LON/SLC is a fault tolerant, two wire digital communication network arranged in a loop configuration. Analog and relay outputs are not available on this model.

LED

A tri-color LED on the detector faceplate indicates normal condition and notifies personnel of fire alarm or fault conditions. Table 2 indicates the condition of the LED for each status.

Table 2—Detector Status Indicator

Detector Status	LED Indicator
Power On/Normal Operation (no fault or fire alarm)	Green
Fault	Yellow
Fire (Alarm)	Red
Low Sensitivity	One Yellow Flash During Power-up
Medium Sensitivity	Two Yellow Flashes During Power-up
High Sensitivity	Three Yellow Flashes During Power-up
Very High Sensitivity	Four Yellow Flashes During Power-up

oi (OPTICAL INTEGRITY)

Automatic oi

The X3302 includes the Automatic \mathbf{oi} feature — a calibrated performance test that is automatically performed once per minute to verify complete detector operation capabilities. No testing with an external test lamp is required. The detector automatically performs the same test that a maintenance person with a test lamp would perform — once every minute. However, a successful Automatic \mathbf{oi} test does not produce an alarm condition.

The X3302 signals a fault condition when less than half of the detection range remains. This is indicated by the Fault output and is evident by the yellow color of the LED on the face of the detector. The **oi** fault condition is self-clearing if the optical contamination is temporary. If the contamination is not automatically cleared and the **oi** fault remains, the detector may require cleaning or service. See the "Troubleshooting" section for further information.

Magnetic oi / Manual oi

The detector also incorporates both Magnetic **oi** (Mag **oi**) and Manual **oi** (Man **oi**) features that provide the same calibrated test as the Automatic **oi**, and in addition actuates the Alarm output to verify operation for preventive maintenance requirements. These features can be performed at any time and eliminate the need for testing with a non-calibrated external test lamp.



These tests require disabling of all extinguishing devices to avoid release resulting from a successful test.

The Mag oi test is performed by placing a magnet at the location marked "MAG OI" on the outside of the detector (see Figure 2). The Man oi test is accomplished by connecting the oi lead (terminal 22) to power supply minus via an external switch. The magnet or switch must be held in place for a minimum of 6 seconds to complete the test. Either of these test methods activates the calibrated IR emitters. If the resulting signal meets the test criteria, indicating that greater than half of the detection range remains, the Alarm output changes state, the indicating LED changes to red, and the 0-20 mA current output goes to 20 mA. This condition remains until the magnet is removed or the switch is released, regardless of whether the relays are set for latching or non-latching operation

If less than half of the detection range remains, no alarm is produced and a fault is generated. The fault indication can be reset by momentarily applying the Mag **oi** or Man **oi** switch.

NOTE

Refer to Appendix A for FM verification of the oi function.

COMMUNICATION

The X3302 is furnished with an RS-485 interface for communicating status and other information with external devices. The RS-485 supports MODBUS protocol, with the detector configured as a slave device.

For HART communication, connect a HART communicator across a 250 ohm resistor in the 0-20 mA loop.

NOTE

The EQP model uses LON/SLC communication. RS-485 and HART communication are not available on the EQP model.

DATA LOGGING

Data logging capability is also provided. Status conditions such as normal, power down, general and **oi** faults, fire alarm, time and temperature are recorded. Each event is time and date stamped, along with the temperature and input voltage. Event data is stored in non-volatile memory when the event becomes active, and again when the status changes. Data is accessible using the Inspector Connector accessory, RS-485, or the EQP Controller.

INTEGRAL WIRING COMPARTMENT

All external wiring to the device is connected within the integral junction box. The detector is furnished with four conduit entries, with either 3/4 inch NPT or M25 threads.

DETECTOR SENSITIVITY LEVELS

There are four factory configured sensitivity levels available for the X3302 Flame Detector:

Very High, High, Medium, and Low.

The following criteria should be considered when choosing a sensitivity level for the intended application:

- Detector placement
- Speed of response based on fuel type and fire size (see Appendix A for response times)
- Distance between the hazard and the flame detector

Recommended sensitivity guidelines are as follows:

Very High: Aerospace, Hydrogen Storage

High: Fertilizer (indoor), Refrigerants,

Compressors, Battery Manufacturing

Medium: General Duty, Fertilizer (outdoor),

Ammonia, Refrigerants

Low: Hydrogen Fueling Stations, Turbine

Enlcosures

Additional information on X3302 Flame Detector performance results and sensitivities can be found in Appendix A, the FM Approval and Performance Report.

Consult the factory with any questions on how to choose the optimum sensitivity level for the intended application.

GENERAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS

Response is dependent on the detector's sensitivity setting, distance, type of fuel, temperature of the fuel, and time required for the fire to come to equilibrium. As with all fire tests, results must be interpreted according to an individual application.

See Appendix A for third-party approved fire test results. Additional fire test results are available from Det-Tronics

IMPORTANT APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

In applying any type of sensing device as a fire detector, it is important to know of any conditions that can prevent the device from responding to fire, and also to know what other sources besides fire can cause the device to respond.

Welding

Arc welding should not be performed within 20 feet (6.0 m) of the detector configured to very high sensitivity, within 15 feet (4.6 m) at high sensitivity, within 10 feet (3.0 m) at medium sensitivity, or within 5 feet (1.5 m) at low sensitivity. Gas welding mandates system bypass, since the gas torch is an actual fire. Arc welding rods can contain organic binder materials in the flux that burn during the welding operation and are detectable by the X3302. Welding rods with clay binders do not burn and will not be detected by the X3302. However, system bypass is always recommended, since the material being welded may be contaminated with organic substances (paint, oil, etc.) that will burn and possibly cause the X3302 to alarm.

Artificial Lighting

The X3302 should not be located within 2 feet (0.6 m) of artificial lights. Excess heating of the detector could occur due to heat radiating from the lights.

EMI/RFI Interference

The X3302 is resistant to interference by EMI and RFI, and is EMC Directive compliant. It will not respond to a 5 watt walkie-talkie at distances greater than 1 foot (0.3 m). Do not operate a walkie-talkie within 1 foot (0.3 m) of the X3302.

Carbon Containing Fires

The X3302 is a multiple spectrum IR device with detection limited to flames that produce water vapor as a by-product of combustion. These include hydrogen, ammonia, arsine, silane, and light hydrocarbons such as methane and methanol. Some lighter carbonaceous fuels may be detectable by the X3302, but heavier carbon containing substances that burn with a dark yellow-orange flame and emit dense sooty smoke may not be sensed with this device. Other fuels that are not detectable include sulfur and burning metals.

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTES



Do not open the detector assembly in a hazardous area when power is applied. The detector contains limited serviceable components and should never be opened. Doing so could disturb critical optical alignment and calibration parameters, possibly causing serious damage.



The wiring procedures in this manual are intended to ensure proper functioning of the device under normal conditions. However, because of the many variations in wiring codes and regulations, total compliance to these ordinances cannot be guaranteed. Be certain that all wiring complies with the NEC as well as all local ordinances. If in doubt, consult the authority having jurisdiction before wiring the system. Installation must be done by a properly trained person.

CAUTION

To prevent unwanted actuation or alarm, extinguishing devices must be disabled prior to performing system tests or maintenance.

CAUTION

The multispectrum IR flame detectors are to be installed in places where the risk of mechanical damage is low.

ATTENTION

Remove the protective cap from the front of the detector before activating the system.

ATTENTION

Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

INSTALLATION

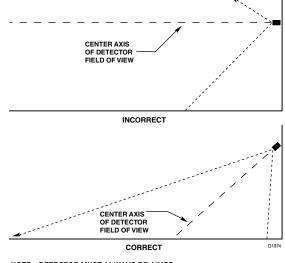
NOTE

The recommended lubricant for threads and O-rings is a silicone free grease (p/n 005003-001) available from Det-Tronics. Under no circumstances should a lubricant containing silicone be used.

DETECTOR POSITIONING

Detectors should be positioned to provide the best unobstructed view of the area to be protected. The following factors should also be taken into consideration:

- Identify all high risk fire ignition sources.
- Be sure that enough detectors are used to adequately cover the hazardous area.
- Be sure that the unit is easily accessible for cleaning and other periodic servicing.
- Verify that all detectors in the system are properly located and positioned so that any fire hazards are within both the Field of View (FOV) and detection range of the detector. The Q1201C Laser Aimer is recommended for establishing the detector's FOV. Refer to Appendix A for specific information regarding detector range and FOV.
- Multispectrum IR detectors are less likely than other detectors to false alarm to non-flame infrared sources, as verified by the data shown in the "False Alarm Immunity" table (page 24) in Appendix A. However, in some instances, sustained modulation of these sources will cause a level of desensitization resulting in diminished detection range (refer to "Modulated Source" table on page 24). For this reason, the X3302 should be sited/located to avoid these sources if there is likely to be frequent, sustained modulation of IR sources such as those shown. It is important to point out that these same sources have no effect on sensitivity if there is no modulation (refer to "Unmodulated Source" table on page 24).
- The detector should be aimed downward at least 10 to 20 degrees to allow lens openings to drain. See Figure 1. The detector should be positioned so that its FOV does not cover areas outside the hazardous area. This will minimize the possibility of false alarms caused by activities outside the area requiring protection.
- The detector must be mounted on a rigid surface in a low vibration area.



NOTE: DETECTOR MUST ALWAYS BE AIMED DOWNWARD AT LEAST 10 TO 20 DEGREES.

Figure 1—Detector Orientation Relative to Horizon

- Dense fog, rain or ice can absorb IR radiation and reduce the sensitivity of the detector. To ensure optimum performance, be certain that the internal optical heater is enabled on detectors that are used in applications where snow, ice, and/condensation are likely to occur.
- Although IR detectors are less affected by smoke than other detectors, the X3302 should not be placed where rising combustion products can obscure its vision. If smoke is expected before fire, smoke or other alternative detectors should be used in conjunction with the X3302. For indoor applications, if dense smoke is expected to accumulate at the onset of a fire, mount the detector on a side wall at least a few feet (approximately 1 meter) down from the ceiling.
- If possible, fire tests can be conducted to verify correct detector positioning and coverage.
- For ATEX installations, the X3302 detector housing must be electrically connected to earth ground.

DETECTOR ORIENTATION

Refer to Figure 2 and ensure that the **oi** plate will be oriented as shown when the X3302 is mounted and sighted. This will ensure proper operation of the **oi** system and will also minimize the accumulation of moisture and contaminants between the **oi** plate and the viewing windows.

IMPORTANT

If removed, the **oi** plate **must** be securely tightened to ensure proper operation of the **oi** system (40 oz./inches [28.2 N·cm] recommended).



Figure 2—Front View of the X3302

PROTECTION AGAINST MOISTURE DAMAGE

It is important to take proper precautions during installation to ensure that moisture will not come in contact with the electrical connections or components of the system. The integrity of the system regarding moisture protection must be maintained for proper operation and is the responsibility of the installer.

If conduit is used, we recommend installing drains, according to local codes, at water collection points to automatically drain accumulated moisture. It is also recommended to install at least one breather, according to local codes, at upper locations to provide ventilation and allow water vapor to escape.

Conduit raceways should be inclined so that water will flow to low points for drainage and will not collect inside enclosures or on conduit seals. If this is not possible, install conduit drains above the seals to prevent the collection of water or install a drain loop below the detector with a conduit drain at the lowest point of the loop.

Conduit seals are not required for compliance with explosion-proof installation requirements, but are highly recommended to prevent water ingress in outdoor applications. Units with M25 threads must use an IP66/IP67 washer to prevent water ingress.

WIRING PROCEDURE

Wire Size and Type

The system should be wired according to local codes. The wire size selected should be based on the number of detectors connected, the supply voltage and the cable length. Typically 16 AWG or 2.5 mm² shielded cable is recommended. Wires should be stripped 3/8 inch (9 mm). A minimum input voltage of 18 Vdc must be present at the X3302.

NOTE

Refer to "Power Consumption" in the "Specifications" section of this manual.

The use of shielded cable is required to protect against interference caused by EMI and RFI. When using cables with shields, terminate the shields as shown in Figures 7 through 12, and Figure 15. Consult the factory if not using shielded cable.

In applications where the wiring cable is installed in conduit, the conduit must not be used for wiring to other electrical equipment.

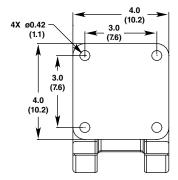
If disconnection of power is required, separate disconnect capability must be provided.

CAUTION

Installation of the detector and wiring should be performed only by qualified personnel.

Detector Mounting

Install the mounting arm assembly on a rigid surface. The ideal installation surface should be free of vibration and suitable to receive 3/8 inch or M10 bolts with a length of at least 1 inch (25 mm). The surface must also have sufficient capacity to hold the detector and mounting arm weights (see "Specifications" section). Refer to the Q9033 Mounting Arm and Collar Attachment manual (95-8686) for additional mounting information. See Figure 3 for dimensions.



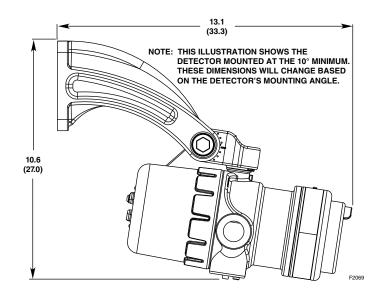


Figure 3—Q9033 Mounting Arm without Collar Attachment Dimensions in Inches (cm) (See Figure 1 for Correct Detector Orientation.)

Relay and 0-20 mA Output Models

Follow the instructions below to install the X3302.

- 1. Make field connections following local ordinances and guidelines in this manual.
 - Figure 4 shows the wiring terminal strip located inside the detector's integral junction box.
 - Figure 5 shows the wiring terminal identification for the X3302 Flame Detector.
 - Figure 6 shows an EOL resistor installed within the integral wiring compartment of the detector (refer to "EOL Resistors" for details).
 - Figures 7 and 8 provide examples of typical installations with a X3302 wired to a fire alarm panel.
 - If the detector is equipped with a 0 to 20 mA output, refer to Figures 9 through 12.
- Check all field wiring to be sure that the proper connections have been made.

IMPORTANT

Do not test any wiring connected to the detector with a meg-ohmmeter. Disconnect wiring at the detector before checking system wiring for continuity.

 Make the final sighting adjustments and use a 14 mm hex wrench to ensure that the mounting arm assembly is tight.

EOL Resistors (Not Used with EQP Model)

To ensure that the insulating material of the wiring terminal block will not be affected by the heat generated by EOL resistors, observe the following guidelines when installing the resistors.

1. Required EOL resistor power rating must be 5 watts minimum.

NOTE

EOL resistors must be ceramic, wirewound type, rated 5 watts minimum, with actual power dissipation not to exceed 2.5 watts. This applies to ATEX/IEC installations only.

- Resistor leads should be cut to a length of approximately 1 1/2 inches (40 mm).
- 3. Bend the leads and install the EOL resistor as shown in Figure 6.
- 4. Maintain a 3/8 inch (10 mm) minimum gap between the resistor body and the terminal block or any other neighboring parts.

NOTE

The EOL resistor can only be used within the flameproof terminal compartment. Unused conduit entries shall be closed with suitable blanking elements.



Figure 4—X3302 Terminal Block

9	mA +	19	mA –	29	SPARE
8	mA + REF	18	mA – REF	28	SPARE
7	COM FIRE	17	COM FIRE	27	COM AUX
6	N.O. FIRE	16	N.O. FIRE	26	N.O. AUX
5	N.C. FIRE	15	N.C. FIRE	25	N.C. AUX
4	COM FAULT	14	COM FAULT	24	RS-485 A
3	N.O. FAULT	13	N.O. FAULT	23	RS-485 B
2	24 VDC +	12	24 VDC +	22	MAN O _i
1	24 VDC –	11	24 VDC –	21	24 VDC –

Figure 5—X3302 Wiring Terminal Identification

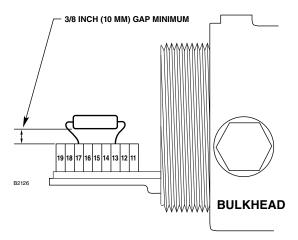
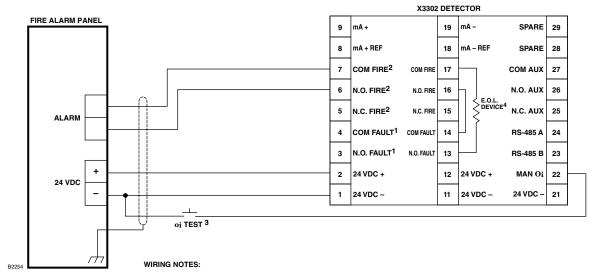
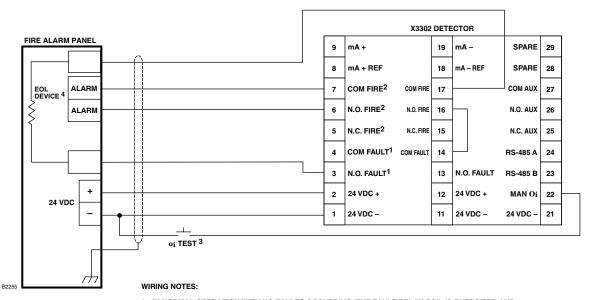


Figure 6—EOL Resistor Installation (For Ex d Wiring only)



- 1 IN NORMAL OPERATION WITH NO FAULTS OCCURRING, THE FAULT RELAY COIL IS ENERGIZED AND THE NORMALLY OPEN (N.O.) AND COMMON (COM) CONTACTS ARE CLOSED.
- 2 ALARM RELAY IS NORMALLY DE-ENERGIZED WITH NO ALARM CONDITION PRESENT.
- 3 INDIVIDUAL MANUAL of TEST SWITCHES CAN BE INSTALLED REMOTELY OR A DETECTOR SELECTOR AND ACTIVATION SWITCH CAN BE INSTALLED AT THE FIRE PANEL. TEST SWITCHES ARE NOT SUPPLIED.
- 4 REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS SECTION FOR EOL RESISTOR VALUES. REFER TO EOL RESISTORS SECTION FOR INSTALLATION DETAILS.

Figure 7—Ex d Wiring Option



- 1 IN NORMAL OPERATION WITH NO FAULTS OCCURRING, THE FAULT RELAY COIL IS ENERGIZED AND THE NORMALLY OPEN (N.O.) AND COMMON (COM) CONTACTS ARE CLOSED.
- 2 ALARM RELAY IS NORMALLY DE-ENERGIZED WITH NO ALARM CONDITION PRESENT.
- 3 INDIVIDUAL MANUAL of TEST SWITCHES CAN BE INSTALLED REMOTELY OR A DETECTOR SELECTOR AND ACTIVATION SWITCH CAN BE INSTALLED AT THE FIRE PANEL. TEST SWITCHES ARE NOT SUPPLIED.
- 4 EOL RESISTOR SUPPLIED BY PANEL.

Figure 8—Ex e Wiring Option

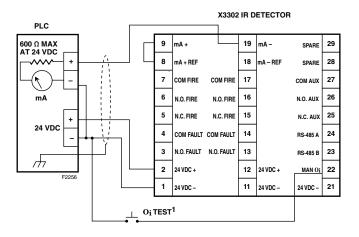


Figure 9—X3302 Detector Wired for Non-Isolated 0 to 20 mA Current Output (Sourcing)

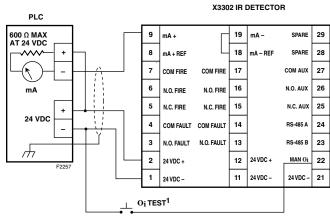


Figure 10—X3302 Detector Wired for Non-Isolated 0 to 20 mA Current Output (Sinking)

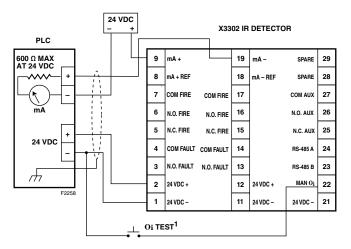


Figure 11—X3302 Detector Wired for Isolated 0 to 20 mA Current Output (Sourcing)

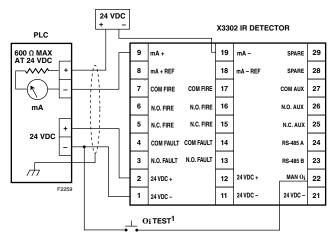


Figure 12—X3302 Detector Wired for Isolated 0 to 20 mA Current Output (Sinking)

NOTES: 1. INDIVIDUAL MANUAL o₁ TEST SWITCHES CAN BE INSTALLED REMOTELY OR A DETECTOR SELECTOR AND ACTIVATION SWITCH CAN BE INSTALLED AT THE FIRE PANEL. TEST SWITCHES ARE NOT SUPPLIED.

EQP Model

- 1. Connect external wires to the appropriate terminals inside the device junction box, shown in Figure 13. See Figure 14 for terminal identification.
- 2. Connect the shield of the power cable to "earth ground" at the power source.
- 3. Connect shields for the LON cable as indicated. See Figure 15.

NOTE

DO NOT ground any shields at the detector housing.

4. With input power disconnected, set the device network address (see the "Setting Device Network Addresses" section of this manual for switch setting procedure).

- 5. Check all field wiring to be sure that the proper connections have been made.
- 6. Replace the device cover and apply input power.
- 7. Make the final sighting adjustments and use a 14 mm hex wrench to ensure that the mounting arm assembly is tight.

NOTE

Refer to the Eagle Quantum Premier system manual (95-8533) for information regarding power requirements, network communication cable requirements, and configuration.

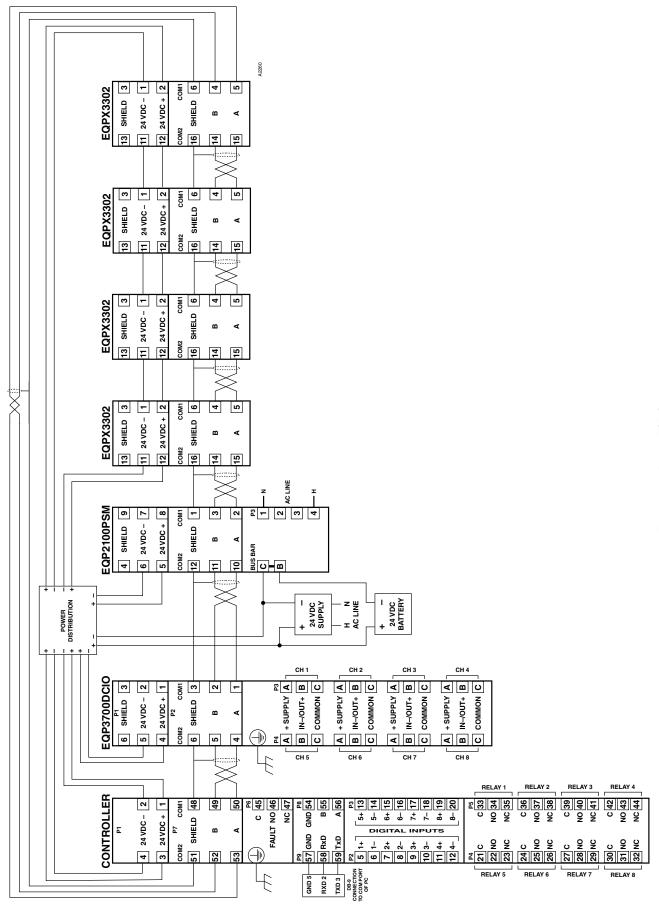


Figure 13—X3302 Terminal Block (EQP Model)

6	COM SHIELD	16	COM SHIELD
5	COM 1 A	15	COM 2 A
4	COM 1 B	14	COM 2 B
3	POWER SHIELD	13	POWER SHIELD
2	24 VDC +	12	24 VDC +
1	24 VDC –	11	24 VDC –

B208

Figure 14—Wiring Terminal Identification for X3302 EQP Model



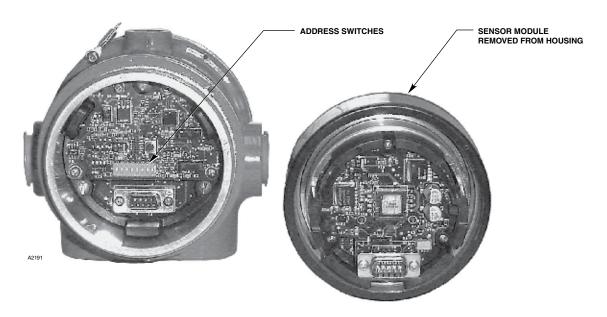


Figure 16—Location of Address Switches

SETTING DEVICE NETWORK ADDRESSES (EQP Model Only)

Overview of Network Addresses

Each device on the LON must be assigned a unique address. Addresses 1 to 4 are reserved for the controller. Valid addresses for field devices are from 5 to 250.

IMPORTANT

If the address is set to zero or an address above 250, the switch setting will be ignored.

Duplicated addresses are not automatically detected. Modules given the same address will use the number given and report to the controller using that address. The status word will show the latest update, which could be from any of the reporting modules using that address.

Setting Field Device Addresses

Selection of the node address is done by setting rocker switches on an 8 switch "DIP Switch Assembly" within the detector's housing. Refer to Figure 16 for switch location.

MARNING

The network address switches are located within the detector housing. Disassembly of the detector head that contains powered electrical circuits is required to gain access to the network address switches. For hazardous areas, the area must be de-classified before attempting disassembly of the device. Always observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

The address number is binary encoded with each switch having a specific binary value with switch 1 being the LSB (Least Significant Bit), see Figure 17. The device's LON address is equal to the added value of all closed rocker switches. All "Open" switches are ignored.

Example: for node No. 5, close rocker switches 1 and 3 (binary values 1 + 4); for node No. 25, close rocker switches 1, 4 and 5 (binary values 1 + 8 + 16).

NOTE

The field device sets the LON address only when power is applied to the device. Therefore, it is important to set the switches **before** applying power. If an address is ever changed, system power must be cycled before the new address will take effect.

After setting address switches, record the address number and device type.

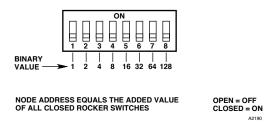


Figure 17—Address Switches for X3302

STARTUP PROCEDURE

When installation of the equipment is complete, perform the "Fire Alarm Test" below.

FIRE ALARM TEST

- 1. Disable any extinguishing equipment that is connected to the system.
- 2. Apply input power to the system.
- 3. Initiate an **oi** test (see "Magnetic **oi** / Manual **oi**" under Optical Integrity in the Description section of this manual).
- Repeat this test for all detectors in the system. If a unit fails the test, refer to the "Troubleshooting" section.
- Verify that all detectors in the system are properly aimed at the area to be protected. (The Q1201C Laser Aimer is recommended for this purpose.)
- 6. Enable extinguishing equipment when the test is complete.

TROUBLESHOOTING

WARNING

The sensor module ("front" half of the detector) contains no user serviceable components and should never be opened. The terminal compartment is the only part of the enclosure that should be opened by the user in the field.

- 1. Disable any extinguishing equipment that is connected to the unit.
- Inspect the viewing windows for contamination and clean as necessary. The detector is relatively insensitive to airborne contaminants, however, thick deposits of ice, dirt, or oil will reduce sensitivity. (Refer to the "Maintenance" section for complete information regarding cleaning of the detector viewing windows.)

Table 3—Current Level Output Troubleshooting Guide

Current Level (±0.3 mA)	Status	Action
0 mA	Power Fault	Check system wiring
1 mA	General Fault	Cycle power ¹
2 mA	oi Fault	Clean windows ²
3 mA	Hi Background IR Fault	Remove IR source or aim detector away from IR source
4 mA	Normal Operation	
20 mA	Fire Alarm	

¹ If fault continues, return device to factory for repair.

NOTE: For additional troubleshooting guides, refer to the Flame Inspector Monitor manual (95-8581).

- 3. Check input power to the unit.
- 4. If the fire system has a logging function, check the fire panel log for output status information. See Table 3 for information regarding 0 to 20 mA output.
- Turn off the input power to the detector and check all wiring for continuity. Important: Disconnect wiring at the detector before checking system wiring for continuity.
- 6. If all wiring checks out and cleaning of the oi plate/ window did not correct the fault condition, check for high levels of background IR radiation by covering the detector with the factory supplied cover or aluminum foil. If the fault condition clears within 6 minutes or less, extreme background IR is present. Re-adjust the view of the detector away from the IR source or relocate the detector.

If none of these actions corrects the problem, return the detector to the factory for repair.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a complete spare be kept on hand for field replacement to ensure continuous protection.

² See "Maintenance" section for cleaning procedure.

MAINTENANCE

IMPORTANT

Periodic flamepath inspections are not recommended, since the product is not intended to be serviced and provides proper ingress protection to eliminate potential deterioration of the flamepaths.

WARNING

The sensor module ("front" half of the detector) contains no user serviceable components and should never be opened. The terminal compartment is the only part of the enclosure that should be opened by the user in the field.

NOTE

Refer to the X3302 Safety manual (95-8582) for specific requirements and recommendations applicable to the proper installation, operation, and maintenance of all SIL-Certified X3302 Flame Detectors.

To maintain maximum sensitivity and false alarm resistance, the viewing windows of the X3302 must be kept relatively clean. Refer to the following procedure for cleaning instructions.

CLEANING PROCEDURE

CAUTION

Disable any extinguishing equipment that is connected to the unit to prevent unwanted actuation.

To clean the windows and **oi** plate, use the window cleaner (p/n 001680-001) and a soft cloth, cotton swab, or tissue and refer to the following procedure.

Disable any extinguishing equipment that is connected to the unit.

- 2. Since the X3302 is less affected by contamination than other detectors, removal of the oi plate is needed only under extreme conditions. In addition, it is not necessary to achieve perfect cleanliness, because IR is not significantly absorbed by slight films of oil and/or salt. If a fault condition is still indicated after cleaning, remove and clean the oi plate using the oi Plate Removal and Replacement procedure.
- In all environments, clean all three viewing windows and reflector surfaces thoroughly. Use a cotton swab and the Det-Tronics window cleaning solution. Use Isopropyl alcohol for contaminations that the Det-Tronics window cleaning solution can not remove.

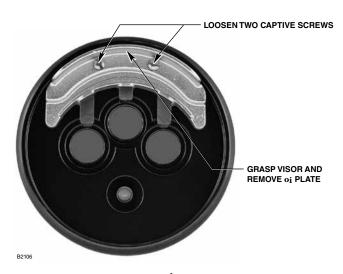


Figure 18—Oi Plate Removal

IMPORTANT

When used in extreme environments, the reflective surface of the detector oi plate may eventually deteriorate, resulting in reoccurring oi faults and the need for oi plate replacement.

Oi PLATE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

- Disable any extinguishing equipment that is connected to the unit.
- Loosen the two captive screws, then grasp the oi plate by the visor and remove it from the detector. See Figure 18.
- 3. Install the new (or cleaned) oi plate.

NOTE

When installing the stainless steel plate, ensure that the gasket is present and correctly seated to prevent moisture or contaminants from penetrating behind the plate. To ensure even seating, tighten both screws equally.

 Recalibrate the detector's oi system. Refer to the Inspector Monitor manual (95-8581) for instructions regarding oi plate replacement and oi system recalibration.

CAUTION

Do not replace the o_i reflector plate without also recalibrating the o_i system.

Recalibration of the \mathbf{oi} system requires the use of the Inspector Connector Cable and Inspector Monitor Software. These two items are included in the \mathbf{oi} replacement kit, or they can be purchased separately. See Ordering Information for details.

X3302 Reflector Plates

X3302 models are supplied with either a black or a stainless steel reflector plate. These plates are **not** interchangeable. Order the replacement that matches the reflector plate on your X3302 Flame Detector.

PERIODIC CHECKOUT PROCEDURE

In compliance with SIL 2, a checkout of the system using the Mag **oi** or Man **oi** feature should be performed regularly to ensure that the system is operating properly. Refer to Table 1 in the X3302 Safety manual (95-8582) for frequency of proof tests. To test the system, perform the "Fire Alarm Test" as described in the "Startup Procedure" section of this manual.

CLOCK BATTERY

The real time clock has a backup battery that will operate the clock with no external power. Return the device to the factory for battery replacement if needed.

NOTE

If the backup battery is depleted, there is no effect on the operation of the flame detector, but the time stamping of the data log may be affected.

FEATURES

- Unequaled false alarm rejection
- Responds to a fire in the presence of modulated blackbody radiation (i.e. heaters, ovens, turbines) without false alarm
- Microprocessor controlled heated optics for increased resistance to moisture and ice
- Automatic, manual or magnetic oi testing
- Easily replaceable oi plate
- Fire, fault and auxiliary relays standard
- 0 to 20 mA isolated output (optional)
- Eagle Quantum Premier LON/SLC output (optional)
- HART communication (optional)
- FDT/DTM capable
- Multiple sensitivity levels
- A tri-color LED on the detector faceplate indicates normal condition and notifies personnel of fire alarm or fault conditions
- Operates under adverse weather conditions and in dirty environments
- Mounting arm allows easy sighting
- Integral wiring compartment for ease of installation
- Explosion-proof/flame-proof detector housing.
 Meets FM, CSA, ATEX Directive and CE certification requirements
- Class A wiring per NFPA-72
- 5 year warranty
- RFI and EMC Directive compliant

Associated Manuals

List of X3302 related manuals:

TITLE	FORM NUMBER
Pulse	95-8578
EQP	95-8533
SIL 2 (Safety)	95-8582
HART Addendum	95-8613
Q9033 Mounting Arm and Collar Attachment	95-8686
Inspector Monitor Software for X-Series Flame Detectors	95-8581
Q1130 Flange Mount	95-8662

SPECIFICATIONS

OPERATING VOLTAGE—

24 Vdc nominal (18 Vdc minimum, 30 Vdc maximum). Maximum ripple is 2 volts peak-to-peak.

POWER CONSUMPTION—

Without heater: 4 watts at 24 Vdc nominal;

5.2 watts at 24 Vdc in alarm. 4.5 watts at 30 Vdc nominal; 6.5 watts at 30 Vdc in alarm.

Heater only: 8 watts maximum.

Total power: 17 watts at 30 Vdc with EOL resistor installed

and heater on maximum.

EOL resistor must be ceramic, wirewound type, rated 5 watts minimum, with actual power dissipation not to exceed 2.5 watts.

For HART model, refer to Addendum number 95-8613.

POWER UP TIME—

Fault indication clears after 0.5 second; device is ready to indicate an alarm condition after 30 seconds.

OUTPUT RELAYS—

Fire Alarm relay, Form C, 5 amperes at 30 Vdc:

The Fire Alarm relay has redundant terminals and normally open / normally closed contacts, normally de-energized operation, and latching or non-latching operation.

Fault relay, Form A, 5 amperes at 30 Vdc:

The Fault relay has redundant terminals and normally open contacts, normally energized operation, and latching or non-latching operation.

Auxiliary relay, Form C, 5 amperes at 30 Vdc:

The auxiliary relay has normally open / normally closed contacts, normally energized or de-energized operation, and latching or non-latching operation.

CURRENT OUTPUT (Optional)—

0 to 20 milliampere (± 0.3 mA) dc current, with a maximum loop resistance of 500 ohms from 18 to 19.9 Vdc and 600 ohms from 20 to 30 Vdc.

LON OUTPUT (Optional)—

Digital communication, transformer isolated (78.5 kbps).

TEMPERATURE RANGE—

Operating: -40°F to $+167^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-40°C to $+75^{\circ}\text{C}$). Storage: -67°F to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-55°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$). Hazardous location ratings from -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.

HUMIDITY RANGE—

0 to 95% relative humidity, can withstand 100% condensing humidity for short periods of time.

CONE OF VISION-

The detector has a 90° cone of vision (horizontal) with perfect cone of vision (full coverage at maximum detection distance, both on and off axis) for hydrogen and methanol flame detection.

Refer to Appendix A for FM Approved cone of vision data.

RESPONSE TIME—

Typical response times are under 10 seconds.

DIMENSIONS—

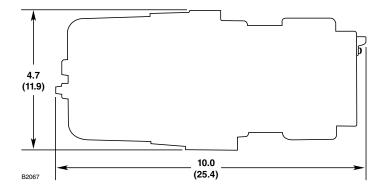
See Figure 19.

ENCLOSURE MATERIAL—

Copper-free aluminum (painted) or Stainless Steel (316/CF8M Cast).

VIBRATION-

Conformance per FM 3260: 2000, MIL-STD 810C (Curve AW).



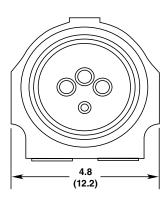


Figure 19—X3302 Dimensions in Inches (cm)

WIRING-

Field wiring screw terminals are UL/CSA rated for up to 14 AWG wire, and are DIN/VDE rated for 2.5 mm² wire. Screw terminal required torque range is 3.5–4.4 in.-lbs. (0.4-0.5 N·m).

Important: 18 Vdc minimum must be available at the detector. For ambient temperatures below –10°C (14°F) and above +60°C (140°F) use field wiring suitable for both minimum and maximum ambient temperature.

THREAD SIZE—

Conduit connection: Four entries, 3/4 inch NPT or M25. Conduit seal not required.

SHIPPING WEIGHT (Approximate)—

Aluminum: 7 pounds (3.2 kilograms).
Stainless Steel: 13.8 pounds (6.3 kilograms).
Mounting Arm (AL): 6 pounds (2.75 kilograms).
Mounting Arm (SS): 14 pounds (6.4 kilograms).

WARRANTY PERIOD-

5 years.

CERTIFICATION-























For complete approval details, refer to the appropriate Appendix:

Appendix A - FM Appendix B - CSA Appendix C - ATEX/CE Appendix D - IECEx Appendix E - EN54

Appendix F - Additional approvals

REPLACEMENT PARTS

The detector is not designed to be repaired in the field. If a problem should develop, refer to the Troubleshooting section. If it is determined that the problem is caused by an electronic defect, the device must be returned to the factory for repair.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Part Number	Description				
009208-003	oi Replacement kit for X3302 (5 Black Reflector Plates) with Inspector Connector and Monitor				
010831-002	oi Replacement kit for X3302 (5 Stainless Steel Reflector Plates) with Inspector Connector and Monitor				
007307-003	Replacement oi Reflector Plate for X3302 with Black plate (requires Inspector Connector to calibrate)				
010830-002	Replacement oi Reflector Plate for X3302 with Stainless Steel plate (requires Inspector Connector to calibrate)				

NOTE: Refer to instruction manual 95-8530 to determine the correct o_i Replacement Plate.

DEVICE REPAIR AND RETURN

Prior to returning devices, contact the nearest local Detector Electronics office so that a Return Material Identification (RMI) number can be assigned. A written statement describing the malfunction must accompany the returned device or component to assist and expedite finding the root cause of the failure.

Pack the unit properly. Always use sufficient packing material. Where applicable, use an antistatic bag as protection from electrostatic discharge.

NOTE

Det-Tronics reserves the right to apply a service charge for repairing returned product damaged as a result of improper packaging.

Return all equipment transportation prepaid to the factory in Minneapolis.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a complete spare be kept on hand for field replacement to ensure continuous protection.

ORDERING INFORMATION

When ordering, please specify: X3302 Multispectrum IR Flame Detector Refer to the X3302 Model Matrix for details

Q9033 Mounting Arm is required:

- Q9033A for aluminum detectors only
- Q9033B for aluminum and stainless steel detectors

ACCESSORIES

Part Number	Description			
000511-029	Converter RS485 to RS232			
103881-001	Converter RS485 to USB			
	W6300B1002 Serial Inspector Connector			
007819-001	(Inspector Monitor software included)			
007819-002	W6300B1003 USB Inspector Connector (Inspector Monitor software included)			
007019-002				
009207-001	Flame Inspector Monitor CD			
103922-001	Model 475 HART Communicator			
102740-002	Magnet			
008082-001	Magnet and Adapter for Extension Pole			
007739-001	Magnet and Extension Pole			
007240-001	Q1116A1001, Air Shield (AL)			
007818-001	Q1118A1001 Aluminum Air Shield/Flange Mount (AL)			
007818-002	Q1118S1001 Stainless Steel Air Shield/Flange Mount (SS)			
009177-001	Q1120A1001 Paint Shield mounting ring (AL)			
010857-001	Q1130A1001 Flange Mount Assembly			
006097-001	Q1201 Laser			
102871-001	Laser Battery, 3V Lithium (laser)			
007255-001	Q1201C1001 X-Series Laser Holder (AL/Plastic)			
007338-001	Q2000A1001 X-Series Weather Shield (AL)			
007338-010	Q2033A10R X3301/X3302 FOV Limiter 10° (AL)			
007338-020	Q2033A20R X3301/X3302 FOV Limiter 20° (AL)			
007338-030	Q2033A30R X3301/X3302 FOV Limiter 30° (AL)			
007912-010	Spare Restrictor Plate 10° (AL)			
007912-020	Spare Restrictor Plate 20° (AL)			
007912-030	Spare Restrictor Plate 30° (AL)			
007290-001	Q9033B Stainless Steel Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum and stainless steel detectors			
007290-002	Q9033A Aluminum Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum detectors only			
011385-001	Q9033 Collar Attachment			
101197-001	Stop Plug, 3/4" NPT, AL			
101197-004	Stop Plug, 3/4" NPT, SS			
101197-005	Stop Plug, M25, AL, IP66			
101197-003	Stop Plug, M25, SS, IP66			
010816-001	Stop Plug, 20 Pack, 3/4"NPT, AL			
010817-001	Stop Plug, 20 Pack, 3/4"NPT, SS			
010818-001	Stop Plug, 20 Pack, M25, AL, IP66			
010819-001	Stop Plug, 20 Pack, M25, SS, IP66			
103363-001	14 mm Hex Wrench (Steel)			
103406-001	Screwdriver			
107427-040	O-ring - Rear Cover (Viton)			
005003-001	1 oz grease for detectors (non-silicon)			
001680-001	Window cleaner (6 pack)			

X3302 MODEL MATRIX						
MODEL	DESCRIP	DESCRIPTION				
X3302	Multispect	rum IR Flam	ne Detector			
	TYPE	MATERIA	L			
	Α	Aluminum				
	S	Stainless S	Steel (316)			
		TYPE	THREAD	ГҮРЕ		
		4M	4 Port, Me	tric M25		
		4N	4 Port, 3/4	" NPT		
			TYPE OUTPUTS			
			13	13 Relay and 4-20 mA		
			14 Eagle Quantum Premier (EQP)			er (EQP)
			15 Relay and Pulse			
			16	Addressab	ole Module (Only (Third Party Type)*
			23	HART, Rela	ay and 4-20	mA
				TYPE	APPROVA	LS**
				В	INMETRO (Brazil)	
				R	VNIIPO/VNIIFTRI (Russia)	
				S	SIL	
				Т	T SIL/FM/CSA/ATEX/CE/IECEx	
				W FM/CSA/ATEX/CE/IECEx		
					TYPE	CLASSIFICATION

Division/Zone Ex d e Division/Zone Ex d

1

2

^{*}The Addressable Module Only (Type 16) is not FM approved.
**Type Approvals can use one or more letters to designate
the approvals of the product.

APPENDIX A

FM APPROVAL AND PERFORMANCE REPORT

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS, FUNCTIONS AND OPTIONS DESCRIBE THE FM APPROVAL:

- Explosion-proof for Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C and D (T4A) Hazardous (Classified) Locations per FM 3615.
- Dust-ignition proof for Class II/III, Div. 1, Groups E, F and G (T4A) Hazardous (Classified) Locations per FM 3615.
- Nonincendive for Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C and D (T3C) Hazardous (Classified) Locations per FM 3611.
- Nonincendive for Class II, Div. 2, Groups F and G (T3C) Hazardous (Classified) Locations per FM 3611.
- Enclosure rating NEMA/Type 4X per NEMA 250.
- Ambient Temperature Limits: -40°F to +167°F (-40°C to +75°C).
- Automatic Fire Alarm Signaling Performance verified per FM 3260 (2000).

Degree of protection provided by Enclosure IP66/67, Hazardous Locations for use in the U.S.

The following accessories are FM approved for use with the X3302 Flame Detector:

Part Number	Description
102740-002	Magnet
007739-001	Magnet and Extension Pole
010857-001	Q1130A1001 Flange Mount Assembly
007290-001	Q9033B Stainless Steel Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum and stainless steel detectors
007290-002	Q9033A Aluminum Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum detectors only
011385-001	Q9033 Collar Attachment

The following performance criteria were verified:

AUTOMATIC OPTICAL INTEGRITY TEST:

The detector generated an optical fault in the presence of contamination on any single or combination of lens surfaces resulting in a loss of approximately 50% of its detection range, verifying that the detector performs a calibrated Automatic **oi** test for each sensor. Upon removal of the contamination, the detector fault was cleared and the detector was verified to detect a fire.

MANUAL OPTICAL INTEGRITY TEST:

The Manual / Magnetic **oi** performs the same calibrated test as the Automatic **oi**, and additionally actuates the alarm relay to verify output operation. If there is a 50% loss of its detection range, an alarm signal is not generated.

The oi test procedure, as described in the "Magnetic oi / Manual oi" section of this instruction manual, is the approved external optical test method for this detector to verify end-to-end detector function. This test replaces the function and need of a traditional external test lamp.

RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS

Very High Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**
Hydrogen	30 inch plume/100 SLPM*	100 (30.5)	3
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	70 (21.3)	5

^{*} Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA). ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

High Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**	
Hydrogen	30 inch plume/100 SLPM*	75 (22.9)	3	
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	52.5 (16.0)	2	

 $^{^{\}star}$ Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA). ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

Medium Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**	
Hydrogen	30 inch plume/100 SLPM*	50 (15.2)	4	
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	35 (10.7)	4	

 $^{^\}star$ Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA). ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

Low Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**	
Hydrogen	30 inch plume / 100 SLPM*	25 (7.6)	3	
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	17.5 (5.3)	3	

^{*} Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA).

^{**} Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

FIELD OF VIEW

Very High Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/ Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Horizontal (degrees)	Avg. Horiz. Response Time (seconds)**	Vertical (degrees)	Avg. Vert. Response Time (seconds)**
Hydrogen	30 inch plume/ 100 SLPM*	100 (30.5)	+45 -45	2 2.5	+45 -30	8 1.5
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	70 (21.3)	+45 -45	10 6	+45 -30	8.5 6

^{*} Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA).

High Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/ Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Horizontal (degrees)	Avg. Horiz. Response Time (seconds)**	Vertical (degrees)	Avg. Vert. Response Time (seconds)**
Hydrogen	30 inch plume/ 100 SLPM*	75 (22.9)	+45 -45	4 2.5	+45 -30	3 3
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	52.5 (16.0)	+45 -45	4.5 3.5	+45 -30	4.5 2.5

^{*} Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA).

Medium Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/ Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Horizontal (degrees)	Avg. Horiz. Response Time (seconds)**	Vertical (degrees)	Avg. Vert. Response Time (seconds)**
Hydrogen	30 inch plume/ 100 SLPM*	50 (15.2)	+45 -45	4.5 3.5	+45 -30	3 5
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	35 (10.7)	+45 -45	9.5 6	+45 -30	10.5 5.5

 $^{^{\}star}$ Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA). ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

Low Sensitivity

Fuel	Size/ Flow Rate	Distance feet (m)	Horizontal (degrees)	Avg. Horiz. Response Time (seconds)**	Vertical (degrees)	Avg. Vert. Response Time (seconds)**
Hydrogen	30 inch plume/ 100 SLPM*	25 (7.6)	+45 -45	2 2.5	+45 -30	2.4 2
Methanol	1 x 1 foot	17.5 (5.3)	+45 -45	7 8.5	+45 -30	5.5 6

^{*} Standard Liters Per Minute (Standard conditions defined as +25°C and 14.696 PSIA).

NOTE

Refer to the "High Resolution Field of View" charts (page 27) for additional information.

^{**} Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

^{**} Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

^{**} Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

FALSE ALARM IMMUNITY

False Alarm Source		Distance	Modulated	Unmodulated		
Faise Alarm Source	Very High	High	Medium	Low	Response	Response
Sunlight, direct, reflected	_	_	_	_	No alarm	No alarm
Vibration	_	_	_	_	N/A	N/A
Arc welding	20 (6.1)	15 (4.6)	10 (3.0)	5 (1.5)	No alarm	No alarm
70 w sodium vapor lamp	10 (3.0)	8 (2.4)	5 (1.5)	3 (0.9)	No alarm	No alarm
250 w vapor lamp	10 (3.0)	8 (2.4)	5 (1.5)	3 (0.9)	No alarm	No alarm
300 w incandescent lamp	10 (3.0)	8 (2.4)	5 (1.5)	3 (0.9)	No alarm	No alarm
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp	15 (4.6)	10 (3.0)	8 (2.4)	5 (1.5)	No alarm	No alarm
1500 w electric radiant heater	10 (3.0)	8 (2.4)	5 (1.5)	3 (0.9)	No alarm	No alarm
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps	5 (1.5)	4 (1.2)	3 (0.9)	2 (0.6)	No alarm	No alarm

RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS IN THE PRESENCE OF FALSE ALARM SOURCES **Very High Sensitivity**

False Alarm Source	Distance feet (m)	Fire Source	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**
Cupliabt divest upmedulated*		Hydrogen @ 50 SLPM	50 (15.2)	4
Sunlight, direct, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	4
Sunlight, direct, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 200 SLPM	15 (4.6)	6
Cupliant reflected upmedulated*		Hydrogen @ 50 SLPM	50 (15.2)	2.5
Sunlight, reflected, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	3.5
Sunlight, reflected, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	2
Arc welding, steady, #7014	20 (6.1)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	7.5
Arc welding, modulated, #7014	20 (6.1)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	70 (21.3)	3
70 w sodium vapor, unmodulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	2.5
70 w sodium vapor, modulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	3.5
250 w vapor lamp, unmodulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	3
250 w vapor lamp, modulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	70 (21.3)	2.5
300 w incandescent lamp, unmodulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	4
300 w incandescent lamp, modulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	60 (18.2)	3
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, unmodulated	15 (4.6)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	3
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, modulated	15 (4.6)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	35 (10.7)	2
1500 w electric radiant heater, unmodulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	3
1500 w electric radiant heater, modulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	40 (12.2)	3
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, unmodulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	2.5
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, modulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	100 (30.5)	2.5

^{*} Outdoor test conditions. ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

High Sensitivity

False Alarm Source	Distance feet (m)	Fire Source	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**
Sunlight, direct, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	5
Sunlight, direct, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	10 (3.0)	6
Sunlight, reflected, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	3
Sunlight, reflected, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3
Arc welding, steady, #7014	15 (4.6)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	3
Arc welding, modulated, #7014	15 (4.6)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	52.5 (16)	3.5
70 w sodium vapor, unmodulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	3.5
70 w sodium vapor, modulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	2.5
250 w vapor lamp, unmodulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	2.5
250 w vapor lamp, modulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	52.5 (16)	2.5
300 w incandescent lamp, unmodulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	3
300 w incandescent lamp, modulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	45 (13.7)	2
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, unmodulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	2.5
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, modulated	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	26 (7.9)	1.5
1500 w electric radiant heater, unmodulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	2.5
1500 w electric radiant heater, modulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	30 (9.1)	5.5
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, unmodulated	4 (1.2)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	3
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, modulated	4 (1.2)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	75 (22.9)	2.5

Medium Sensitivity

False Alarm Source	Distance feet (m)	Fire Source	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**
Sunlight, direct, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	6
Sunlight, direct, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 200 SLPM	10 (3.0)	4
Sunlight, reflected, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	3
Sunlight, reflected, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	4
Arc welding, steady, #7014	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	3
Arc welding, modulated, #7014	10 (3.0)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	35 (10.7)	4
70 w sodium vapor, unmodulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	2.5
70 w sodium vapor, modulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	3
250 w vapor lamp, unmodulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	3
250 w vapor lamp, modulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	35 (10.7)	2
300 w incandescent lamp, unmodulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	2
300 w incandescent lamp, modulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	30 (9.1)	3
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, unmodulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	2
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, modulated	8 (2.4)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	17.5 (5.3)	2
1500 w electric radiant heater, unmodulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	4
1500 w electric radiant heater, modulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	20 (6.1)	3
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, unmodulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	2.5
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, modulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	50 (15.2)	3

^{*} Outdoor test conditions. ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

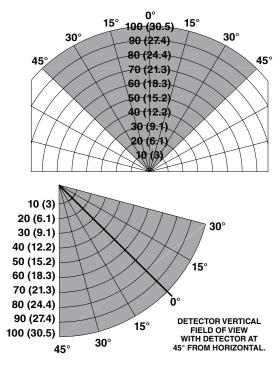
^{*} Outdoor test conditions. ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

Low Sensitivity

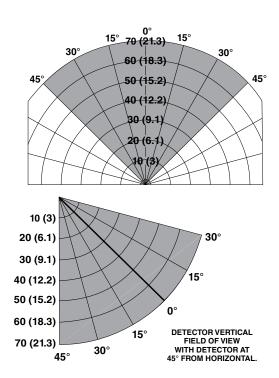
False Alarm Source	Distance feet (m)	Fire Source	Distance feet (m)	Average Response Time (seconds)**
Sunlight, direct, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3.5
Sunlight, direct, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 200 SLPM	10 (3.0)	3.5
Sunlight, reflected, unmodulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	2.5
Sunlight, reflected, modulated*	_	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	15 (4.6)	2.5
Arc welding, steady, #7014	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3
Arc welding, modulated, #7014	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	17.5 (5.3)	2.5
70 w sodium vapor, unmodulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3
70 w sodium vapor, modulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	2
250 w vapor lamp, unmodulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3
250 w vapor lamp, modulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	17.5 (5.3)	2
300 w incandescent lamp, unmodulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3
300 w incandescent lamp, modulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	15 (4.6)	2
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, unmodulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3.5
500 w shielded quartz halogen lamp, modulated	5 (1.5)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	10 (3.0)	2.5
1500 w electric radiant heater, unmodulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	2
1500 w electric radiant heater, modulated	3 (0.9)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	10 (3.0)	2
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, unmodulated	2 (0.6)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3
Two 34 w fluorescent lamps, modulated	2 (0.6)	Hydrogen @ 100 SLPM	25 (7.6)	3.5

^{*} Outdoor test conditions. ** Add 2 seconds for EQP model.

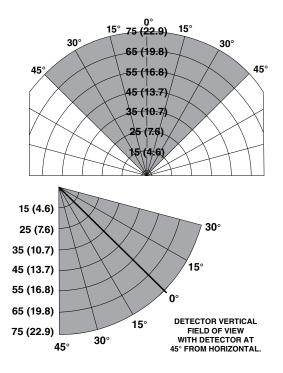
HIGH RESOLUTION FIELD OF VIEW



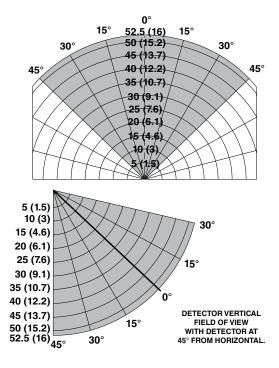
Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet (m) for **Hydrogen** at **Very High** Sensitivity (30 inch plume, with 100 SLPM flow rate)



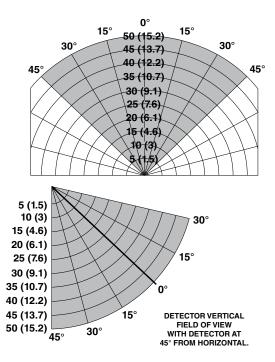
Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet (m) for **Methanol** at **Very High** Sensitivity (1 x 1 ft)



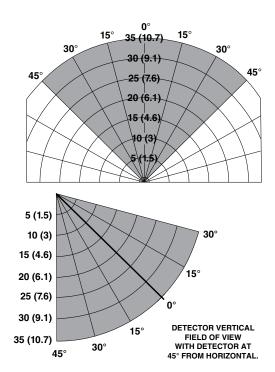
Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet (m) for **Hydrogen** at **High** Sensitivity (30 inch plume, with 100 SLPM flow rate)



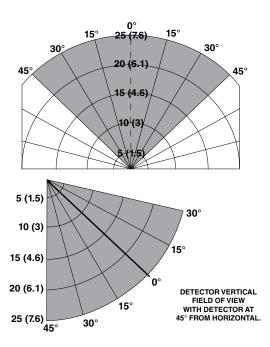
Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet (m) for Methanol at High Sensitivity (1 x 1 ft)



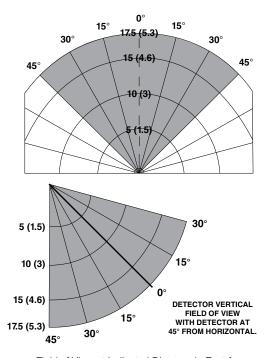
Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet (m) for **Hydrogen** at **Medium** Sensitivity (30 inch plume, with 100 SLPM flow rate)



Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet (m) for Methanol at Medium Sensitivity (1 x 1 ft)



Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet for **Hydrogen** at **Low** Sensitivity (30 inch plume, with 100 SLPM flow rate)



Field of View at Indicated Distance in Feet for **Methanol** at **Low** Sensitivity (1 x 1 ft)

NOTE

FM Approvals minimum requirements are response distance measurements at 0° (on axis) and the limits of the field of view. These high resolution field of view diagrams show the measured response distances at all the indicated angles in the horizontal plane.

APPENDIX B

CSA APPROVAL

Multispectrum IR Flame Detector/Controller X3302 Series, rated 18-30 Vdc, 4.6 Watts to 17 Watts. Relay contacts rated 30 Vdc, 5 Amps.

NOTE

Hazardous location testing has been successfully completed on the Model X3302 series from an ambient temperature range of –55°C to +125°C; however, the detector label marking indicates –40°C to +75°C.

The following accessories are CSA approved for use with the X3302 Flame Detector:

Part Number	Description		
102740-002	Magnet		
007739-001	Magnet and Extension Pole		
010857-001	Q1130A1001 Flange Mount Assembly		
007290-001	Q9033B Stainless Steel Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum and stainless steel detectors		
007290-002	Q9033A Aluminum Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum detectors only		
011385-001	Q9033 Collar Attachment		

DIVISION CLASSIFICATION:

CLASS 4818 04 - SIGNAL APPLIANCES - Systems - For Hazardous Locations

Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, and D (T4A); Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, and G (T4A);

Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, and D (T3C); Class II, Division 2, Groups F and G (T3C);

Class III; Enclosure NEMA/Type 4X;

Conduit seal not required.

APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

CSA Std C22.2 No. 25-1966 – Enclosures for use in Class II Groups E, F & G Hazardous Locations CSA Std C22.2 No. 30-M1986 – Explosion-Proof Enclosures for use in Class I Hazardous Locations

CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 94-M91 – Special Purpose Enclosures CSA Std C22.2 No. 142-M1987 – Process Control Equipment

CSA Std C22.2 No. 213-M1987 – Nonincendive Electrical Equipment for use in Class I, Division 2 Hazardous Locations

ZONE CLASSIFICATION:

CLASS 4818 04 - SIGNAL APPLIANCES - Systems - For Hazardous Locations

Ex d e IIC T5-T6

T6 (Ta -50°C to +60°C)

T5 (Ta -50°C to +75°C)

Seal required adjacent to enclosure

IP66/IP67.

Ex d IIC T4-T6

T6 (Ta -55° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C)

T5 (Ta -55° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C)

T4 (Ta -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C)

Seal required adjacent to enclosure

IP66/IP67.

APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-0:07 – Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres. Part 0: General requirements CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-1:11 – Explosive atmospheres. Part 1: Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d"

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60079-7:12 - Explosive atmospheres. Part 7: Equipment protection by increased safety "e"

APPENDIX C

ATEX / CE APPROVAL

EC-TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE

DEMKO 01 ATEX 130204X

Increased Safety Model

(€ 0539 (Ex)|| 2 G || 2 D

Ex d e IIC T6-T5 Gb Ex tb IIIC T130°C

T6 (Tamb = -50°C to +60°C) T5 (Tamb = -50°C to +75°C)

IP66/IP67.

Flameproof Model

(€ 0539 (Ex)|| 2 G

Ex d IIC T6-T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T130°C

T6 (Tamb = -55° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C) T5 (Tamb = -55° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C)

T4 (Tamb = -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C)

IP66/IP67.

Compliance with:

EN 60079-0: 2009 EN 60079-1: 2007 EN 60079-7: 2007 EN 60079-31: 2009 EN/IEC 60529: 2001.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The field wiring connections in the terminal compartment are ATEX certified and accepts wiring specifications from 14-24 AWG or 2.5-0.25 mm².

The Multispectrum infrared (IR) flame detector type X3302 shall be installed according to the instructions given by the manufacturer.

The cable entry devices shall be certified in type of explosion protection flameproof enclosure "d" for use with the terminal compartment in type of explosion protection flameproof enclosure "d", or in type of explosion protection increased safety "e" for use with the terminal compartment in type of explosion protection increased safety "e". They shall be IP66/IP67 rated, suitable for the conditions of use and correctly installed.

Unused entries shall be closed with suitable certified blanking elements.

The metal housing for the Multispectrum infrared (IR) flame detector type X3302 must be electrically connected to earth ground.

For ambient temperatures below -10°C and above +60°C use field wiring suitable for both minimum and maximum ambient temperature.

Special conditions for safe use:

The front window assembly contains a special cemented joint construction. In accordance with EN60079-1 clause 5.1.c, all inspections, repair and/or adjustments to this front window assembly shall be done by Detector Electronics Corporation only.

The EOL resistor can only be used within the flameproof terminal compartment.

EOL resistors must be ceramic, wirewound type, rated 5 watts minimum, with actual power dissipation not to exceed 2.5 watts.

The Multispectrum infrared (IR) flame detector type X3302 is to be installed in places where there is a low risk of mechanical damage.

NOTE

Operational performance verified from -40°C to +75°C.

NOTE

An optional third party addressable module can only be used within the Ex d flameproof model unless the addressable module is component certified as Ex e for use within the Ex d e increased safety model.

NOTE

Refer to "EOL Resistors" section for installation details. All cable entry devices and blanking elements shall be certified to "E-generation" or "ATEX" standards, in type of explosion protection increased safety "e" or flameproof enclosure "d" (as applicable), suitable for the conditions of use and correctly installed. They shall maintain the degree of ingress protection IP66/IP67 for the apparatus. Unused conduit entries shall be closed with suitable blanking elements.

NOTE

For ATEX installations, the X3302 detector housing must be electrically connected to earth ground.

The following accessories are ATEX approved for use with the X3302 Flame Detector:

Part Number	Description
007290-001	Q9033B Stainless Steel Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum and stainless steel detectors
007290-002	Q9033A Aluminum Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum detectors only
011385-001	Q9033 Collar Attachment

APPENDIX D

IECEX APPROVAL

IECEX CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

DEMKO

IECEx ULD 06.0017X

Ex d e IIC T6-T5 Gb Ex d IIC T6-T4 Gb Ex tb IIIC T130°C Ex tb IIIC T130°C

T6 (Tamb = -50° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C) or T6 (Tamb = -55° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C) T5 (Tamb = -50° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C) T5 (Tamb = -55° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C) T4 (Tamb = -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C) IP66/IP67.

Compliance with:

IEC 60079-0: 2007, Ed. 5 IEC 60079-1: 2007, Ed. 6 IEC 60079-7: 2006, Ed. 4 IEC 60079-31: 2008, Ed. 1 EN/IEC 60529: 2001.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

The field wiring connections in the terminal compartment are suitable certified and accepts wiring specifications from 14-24 AWG or 2.5-0.2 mm².

The Multispectrum infrared (IR) flame detector type X3302 shall be installed according to the instructions given by the manufacturer.

The cable entry devices shall be certified in type of explosion protection flameproof enclosure "d" for use with the terminal compartment in type of explosion protection flameproof enclosure "d" or in type of explosion protection increased safety "e" for use with the terminal compartment in type of explosion protection increased safety "e". They shall be IP66/IP67 rated, suitable for the conditions of use and correctly installed.

Unused entries shall be closed with suitable certified blanking elements.

The metal housing for the Multispectrum infrared (IR) flame detector type X3302 must be electrically connected to earth ground.

For ambient temperatures below –10°C and above +60°C use field wiring suitable for both minimum and maximum ambient temperature.

Special conditions for safe use:

The front window assembly contains a special cemented joint construction. In accordance with IEC 60079-1 clause 5.1.c, all inspections, repair and/or adjustments to this front window assembly shall be done by Detector Electronics Corporation only.

The EOL resistor can only be used within the flameproof terminal compartment.

EOL resistors must be ceramic, wirewound type, rated 5 watts minimum, with actual power dissipation not to exceed 2.5 watts.

The Multispectrum infrared (IR) flame detector type X3302 is to be installed in places where there is a low risk of mechanical damage.

The following accessories are IECEx approved for use with the X3302 Flame Detector:

Part Number	Description	
007290-001	Q9033B Stainless Steel Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum and stainless steel detectors	
007290-002	Q9033A Aluminum Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum detectors only	
011385-001	Q9033 Collar Attachment	

APPENDIX E

EN54 APPROVALS

	Conventional Output		LON Output	
AGENCY	Certificate/Approval Number	Basis of Approval	Certificate/Approval Number	Basis of Approval
VdS – Construction Product Directive	_	_	_	_
VdS	G 209074	VdS 2344 VdS 2504 EN 54-10	G 212025	VdS 2344 VdS 2504 EN 54-10 + A1 EN 54-17
	S 212002*	VdS 2344 EN 54-13	S 212002*	VdS 2344 EN 54-13
BRE – Construction Product Directive	_	_	_	_
LPCB	_	_	_	_

^{*} Approved for use in conjunction with the EN54-13 compliant EQP System.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE APPLICATION OF THE APPROVAL COMPONENT/SYSTEM

The installation shall take into account, that the orientation arrow on the flame detector is directed upwards, as the view angle in this direction is $<90^{\circ}$.

The following accessories are EN54-10 and EN54-17 approved for use with the X3302 Flame Detector:

Part Number	Description
102740-002	Magnet
007739-001	Magnet and Extension Pole
007290-001	Q9033B Stainless Steel Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum and stainless steel detectors
007290-002	Q9033A Aluminum Mounting Arm Assembly is for aluminum detectors only
011385-001	Q9033 Collar Attachment

APPENDIX F

ADDITIONAL APPROVALS

SIL 2



IEC 61508

Certified SIL 2 Capable.

Applies to specific models - refer to the SIL 2 Certified X3302 Safety manual (95-8582) for details.

RUSSIA



VNIIFTRI

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY to TP TC 012/2011

2ExdelICT6/T5 IP66

T6 (Tamb = -50° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C)

T5 (Tamb = -50° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C).

– or –

1ExdIICT6/T5/T4 IP66

T6 (Tamb = -55° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C)

T5 (Tamb = -55° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C)

T4 (Tamb = -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C).



VNIIPO

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY to TECHNICAL REGULATIONS, GOST R 53325-2009

BRAZIL



UL-BR 12.0093X

Ex d e IIC T6-T5 Gb IP66/IP67

Ex tb IIIC T130°C

T6 (Tamb = -50° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C)

T5 (Tamb = -50° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C).

– or –

Ex d IIC T6-T4 Gb IP66/IP67

Ex tb IIIC T130°C

T6 (Tamb = -55° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C)

T5 (Tamb = -55° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C)

T4 (Tamb = -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C).





FlexSonic[™] Acoustic Leak Detector



X3301 Multispectrum IR Flame Detector



PointWatch Eclipse® IR Combustible Gas Detector



FlexVu® Universal Display with GT3000 Toxic Gas Detector



Eagle Quantum Premier® Safety System

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Det-Tronics manufacturing system is certified to ISO 9001—the world's most recognized quality management standard.

